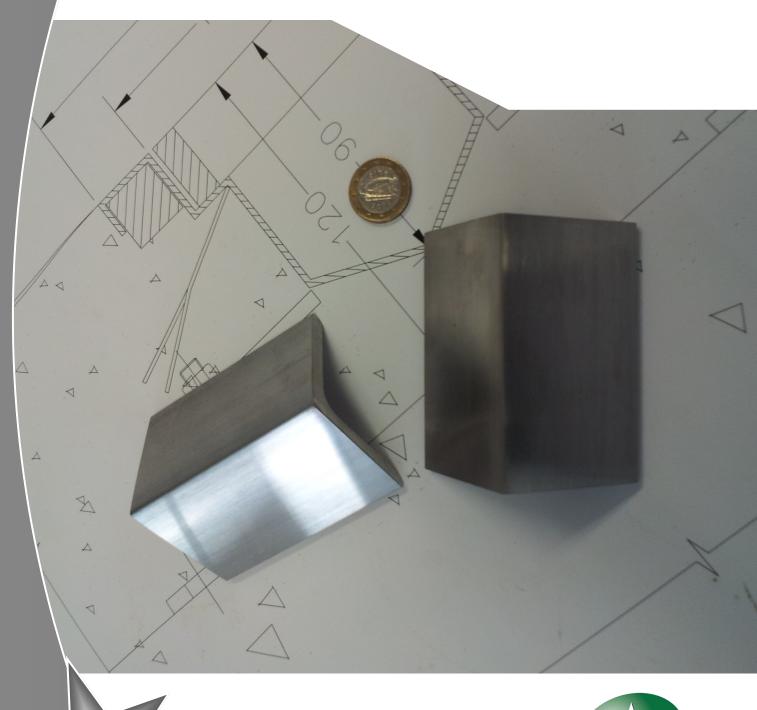
# Kent Anti Skate Angle Stud









#### Specify:

Kent Anti Skate Angle Stud KASA 50, 50mm Width, 75mm length, 50mm height; 6mm thick; 2 pins; Grade 316L Stainless Steel; Satin Finish 320 Grit Polished.

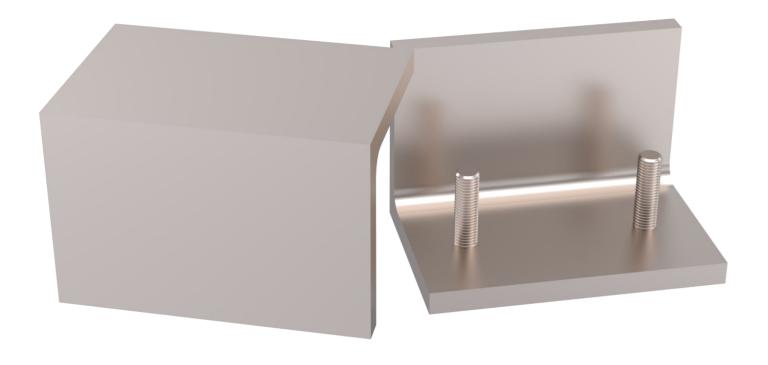
#### **Description:**

Kent Anti Skate Angle Studs are used to deter unwanted skateboarding in order to prevent damage to street furniture and stonework elements. The Fins eliminate the long, smooth edges, so skateboarders can no longer 'grind' their boards along the edges.

The Stainless Steel material is ideal for high traffic pedestrian areas and it does not adversely effect the aesthetics of the elements they are protecting.

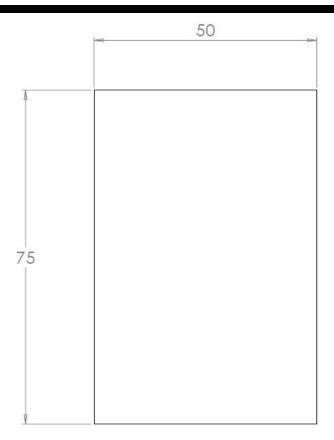
#### Features:

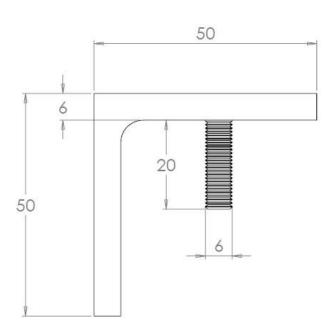
- Grade 316 Stainless steel
- 6mm Thick Steel
- Polished edges
- Satin Finish 320 Grit Polish
- 2 Installation pins





# **KENT ANTI SKATE ANGLE STUD (KASA 50)**





Product Code	Height	Width	Length
Kent Anti Skate Angle Stud KASA 50	50mm	50mm	75mm



# **Installation of Studs**

#### Step 1:

Drill x2 10mm Diameter hole 30mm deep.

#### Step 2:

Clean out the drilled hole.

#### Step 3:

Fill with chemical mortar (Kent Stainless recommend MIT-SE Mortar).

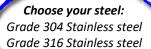
#### Step 4:

Insert the Anti Skate Angle Stud and leave to set for 24 hours





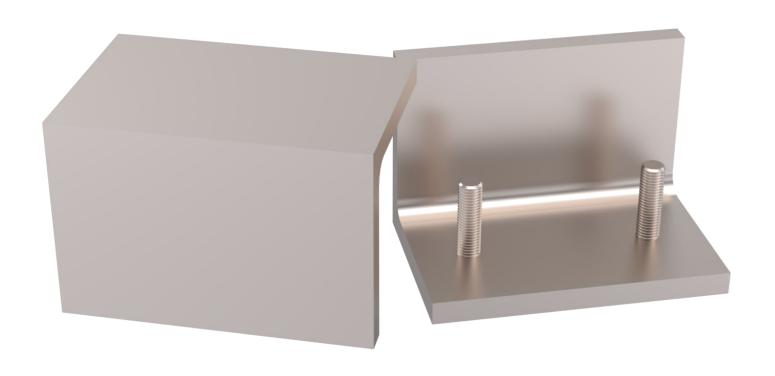
# **Specify**



Customise your size, or go with our standard 1000mm x 101mm dia (See size chart page 2 for dimensions)

#### Specify:

Kent Anti Skate Angle Stud (KASA 50); Grade 316 Stainless Steel; H:50mm, W: 50mm, L: 75mm 6mm Thick Steel; 2nr 6mm dia x 20mm high studs, Satin Finish 320 Grit Polish;





### **Maintenance of Stainless Steel**

Clean the stainless steel components using warm water with a mild detergent with a non-abrasive cloth or sponge. Heavier stains may require the use of a nylon-scouring pad or a stainless steel cleaner.

To remove paint or graffiti use a cloth and Alkaline or solvent paint strippers according to type of paint. In the case of a bead blasted finish, where abrasive cleaning is required, always use a random circular rubbing action with a cloth.

In the case of brushed finishes the surface consists of uniform fine 'scratches' running in one direction so where abrasive cleaning is required always use a straight back and forward rubbing action in the direction of the grain using soap and warm water.

Rust spots or 'tea stains' can occur on the surface of the material, these are normally caused by contamination from ordinary mild steel, particularly in areas where construction work has been undertaken. Such stains can be removed using Rust Remover 410.

In cases where the surface is severely stained because of severe environmental conditions or scratched due to misuse, it may still be possible to restore the original finish using chemicals such as Oxalic Acid solution. There are many stainless steel polishes available to enhance the surface finish.



